	1
THE LEGAL LIMIT OF BOARD ACTIONS	
BY KIMBERLY KENT RN, JD KENT LAW GROUP PHOENIX, ARIZONA	
	1
THE LEGAL LINASTO ARE COAR OF BUILT	
THE LEGAL LIMITS ARE SCARCE BUT	
BUILDING ARGUMENTS WILL HELP	
CHANGETHE LAW IN THE FUTURE.	
ALWAYS ARGUE EACH PLAUSIBLE, LEGAL,	
AND PRACTICAL ARGUMENT REGARDLESS	
OF PROBABILITY OF SUCCESS	
	- <u>-</u>
THIS PRESENTATION	
■ REVIEW OF HISTORY AND BASICS OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW	
■ THE PROBLEMS OF STALE COMPLAINTS	
REVIEW OF TAANA POSITION PAPER	
 REVIEW OF NCSBN RESPONSE TO POSITION PAPER 	
■ REVIEW LEGAL ARGUMENTS TO SUPPORT DISMISSAL	
■ FEDERALAPA AND COMMERCE CLAUSE	
■ MODELAPA	-
■ FROM HEAD TO HEART	

HISTORY AND THE BASICS	
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW	
ADT III VIOTIV CITY E DAV	
	1
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW IS AN ARM OF	
GOVERNMENT REGULATION	
GOVERNMENT AGENCY ACTION CAN INCLUDE RULE	
MAKING, ADJUDICATION, OR THE ENFORCEMENT OF A	
SPECIFIC REGULATORY AGENDA.	
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW IS CONSIDERED A BRANCH OF PUBLIC	
LAW OR AN ARM OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT.	
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Administrative_	
	•
FUN FACT - THERE ARE GOBS OF FEDERAL AND STATE AGENCIES	
MANY ARE OF LITTLE WORTH AND INEFFICIENT.	
THE NUMBER OF AGENCIES EMPOWERED TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC SAFETY IS MIND	
BOGGLING.	
IN ARIZONATHERE ARE 130 BOARDS OR "AGENCIES" FROM REGULATION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONAL STO BARBERS AND ONE BOARD TO COVERNITHE HISTORIC RESERVATION.	
PROFESSIONALS TO BARBERS, AND ONE BOARD TO GOVERN THE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF THE "PIONEER HOME".	
THIS PRESENTATION EXAMINES THE NATURE OF REGULATION OF NURSES BY FOCUSING	
PRIMARILY ON THE CONCEPT OF DUE PROCESS AS IT RELATES TO THE TIMELINE OF	

COMPLAINT TO RESOLUTION.

EXECUTIVE BRANCHES	OF	GOVERN	MENT	AND
DUE PROCESS				

- UNLIKETHE JUDICIAL SYSTEM THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH FUNCTIONS TO CARRY OUT THE LAW.
- TO THE EXTENT THAT ANY DUE PROCESS EXISTS, IT IS

 GENERALLY APPLICABLE TO PROCEDURE NOT SUBSTANCE

 WHICH IS DEFERRED TO THE BOARD.

THE PROBLEM OF STALE COMPLAINTS AT AGENCY LEVEL

- STALE COMPLAINTS DO NOT PROTECT THE PUBLIC!
- STALE COMPLAINTS ARE STRESSFUL, EXPENSIVE AND LIFE ALTERING FOR THE LICENSEE.
- STALE COMPLAINTS BOG DOWN THE GOVERNMENT PERPETUATING INEFFICIENCY.
- STALE COMPLAINTS IGNORETHE REALITY OF THE PROPERTY RIGHT OF THE LICENSED PROFESSIONAL.
- STALE COMPLAINTS IGNORETHE COMMERCE CLAUSEAND THE EVOLUTION OF THE COMPACT LICENSE.
- STALE COMPLAINTS FLAT OUT IGNORE DUE PROCESS.

SO WE ARGUE FOR FAIRNESS AND DUE PROCESS!

- THE CONSTITUTION GUARANTEES FAIRNESS BOTH IN SUBSTANCE AND IN PROCEDURE.
- THIS IS FREQUENTLY A FAILED ARGUMENT.

	_		
WHAT	וכ דו	IF DD/	\mathbf{C}
\mathcal{M} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{I}		IE PK()(E\\/

TIMOTHY SANDEFER REMINDS US OF THE CONSTITUTION'S PROMISE THAT:

"NO PERSON SHALL BE DEPRIVED OF LIFE, LIBERTY, OR PROPERTY WITHOUT DUE PROCESS OF LAW" MEANS NOT ONLY THAT GOVERNMENT MUST TAKE CERTAIN PROCEDURAL STEPS (HEARINGS, TRIALS, AND SO FORTH) WHEN IT IMPOSES A DEPRIVATION, BUT ALSO THAT SOME ACTS ARE OFF LIMITS FOR GOVERNMENT, "REGARDLESS OF THE FAIRNESS OF THE PROCEDURES USED TO IMPLEMENT THEM."

https://www.cato-unbound.org/print-issue/208 What is due process. Accessed on July 8, 2018. Authors Sandelor February 2012

THE PROBLEM: A NURSING LICENSE IS NOT LIFE, LIBERTY, OR PROPERTY

- ALL FIFTY STATES AND EVEN THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT VARY ON THIS ISSUE.
- IN ARIZONA THERE IS NO LAW OR CASE THAT HOLDS THAT A NURSING LICENSE IS CONSTITUTIONALLY PROTECTED BECAUSE IT IS PROPERTY.
- THE GENERAL CONSENSUS IS THAT IT IS A JOB AND YOU CAN WORK AT ANY JOB.
- THE MAJORITY OF OTHER STATES FIND THAT THIS IS NOT CONSTITUTIONALLY PROTECTED.

COMPARISON OF DUE PROCESS

CRIMINAL

- RIGHTTO LIBERTY
- RIGHTTO BE FREE FROM UNREASONABLE SEARCH AND SEIZURE
- CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO PROTECTION OF PROPERTY
- DEADLINES FOR SPEEDYTRIAL

ADMINISTRATIVE

- ABILITYTOWORK IS NOT RESTRICTED TO
- ADMINISTRATIVE LAW USUALLY ALLOWS UNFETTERED SUBPOENA POWER
- NURSING LICENSE IS NOT "PROPERTY".
- DEADLINES, IF ANY, ALMOST ALWAYS FAVORTHE GOVERNMENT

EXAMPLES OF "SON	1E" DUE PROCES	s mandates
IN ADMINISTRATIV	LAW	

NOTICE OF CHARGES

OPPORTUNITY FOR EVIDENTIARY HEARING

RIGHT TO APPEAL - BUT LIMITED

DUE PROCESS STILL REMAINS AN IMPORTANT CONCEPT

- DESPITETHE FACT THE FEDERAL AND MOST STATES' GOVERNMENTS HAVE A LEAN "DUE PROCESS" STATUTE, IT REMAINS AS AN OVERALL PART OF THE GOVERNMENT'S OBLIGATION AS THEY EXECUTE THE LAW.
- SO.....
- ADVOCATE FOR THE LICENSE AS A PROPERTY RIGHT EVEN IFYOU
 HAVE CASE LAW AGAINST YOU. THIS IS HOW LAWS ARE CHANGED.

WHAT IS STALE?

- MANY STATES HAVE NO LIMIT ON WHEN COMPLAINTS MUST BE FILED.
- MANY STATES HAVE NO LIMIT ON WHEN AN INVESTIGATION MUST BE COMPLETE.
- MANY STATES HAVE NO LIMIT ON WHEN DUE PROCESS DEMANDS AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING.
- TAANA TAKES POSITION THAT COMPLAINTS SHOULD BE FILED WITHIN 2 YEARS
 OF EVENT.

-	\sim		_	м.	4 4	_	-	$\overline{}$	_	re/			т.	$\overline{}$		 _		$\overline{}$	16		41		
к)Α	۱D) Y	lΑ	P	H(O	К	M	IC.)			N	C)	D	115	ΙY	Ш	5	5

- I. WHAT IS STALE DEFINETHIS FOR YOUR BOARD LEGALLY AND FACTUALLY.
- NEXT ARGUE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS ON POINT OR FROM A PUBLIC POLICY PERSPECTIVE.
- 3. IS DOCTRINE OF LACHES APPLICABLE?
- 4. IS DOUBLE JEOPARDY APPLICABLE?
- 5. ISTHERE FEDERAL ARGUMENT AVAILABLE?
- 6. FINALLY, HEAD TO HEART MAKE THE PRACTICAL AND COMPASSIONATE ARGUMENT.

TAANA POSITION

- KEY ELEMENTS ARE STALE C/O FAIL TO PROTECT PUBLIC
- LACK OF UNIFORMITY BETWEEN STATES RESULTS IN PREJUDICETO LICENSEE
- STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS AS PUBLIC POLICY APPLIES
- RETAINED JURISDICTION RESULTS IN DOUBLE JEOPARDY

NCSBN POSITION

- STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS LIMITED TO CIVIL AND CRIMINAL CASES
- TIMEFRAMES AND DEADLINES INAPPLICABLE TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC
- DOCTRINE OF LACHES MAY BE AVAILABLE
- SAFEGUARDS OF APA ARE SUFFICIENT

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS ARGUMENT NO. 1	

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS

- I. DOES YOUR VENUE HAVE ANY APPLICABLE STATUTE?
- 2. DOES ANOTHER ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY HAVE AN APPLICABLE STATUTE DUE PROCESS?
- IF NO RULE, ARGUE PUBLIC POLICY FAVORS A LIMIT.

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS

■ "THE PLAIN PURPOSE OF STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS IS TO IDENTIFY THE OUTER LIMITS OF THE PERIOD OF TIME WITHIN WHICH AN ACTION MAY BE BROUGHT TO SEEK, REDRESS, OR TO OTHERWISE ENFORCE LEGAL RIGHTS CREATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OR AT COMMON LAW. "SEE IN RE ESTATE OF TRAVERS, 192 ARIZ. 333, 336. ¶ 21, 965 P.2D 67, 70 (APP.1998) ("A STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS IS A LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENT WHICH SETS MAXIMUM TIME PERIODS DURING WHICH CERTAIN ACTIONS CAN BE BROUGHT." (CITING BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY 927 (6TH ED.1990))).²

CTATI			
\setminus I \triangle I I			
$\mathbf{S} \cap \mathbf{C}$	I L \cup L	LIMITAT	

■ AS A MATTER OF PUBLIC POLICY, OUR LEGISLATURE HAS DETERMINED THAT CLAIMS MUST BE BROUGHT WITHIN AN IDENTIFIABLE PERIOD OF TIME, AND CLAIMS BROUGHT THEREAFTER ARE, ABSENT CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, TOO STALE TO BE ENFORCEABLE. PORTER V. SPADER, 225 ARIZ. 424, 427, ¶7, 239 P.3D 743, 746 (APP. 2010)

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS:

THE LEGITIMATE PURPOSES OF STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS ARE THREEFOLD

TO PROTECT DEFENDANTS FROM STALE CLAIMS, PURSUIT OF A
 CLAIM AFTER AN UNREASONABLE AMOUNT OF TIME MAY BE
 THWARTED WHEN EVIDENCE MAY HAVE BEEN LOST OR
 WITNESSES' MEMORIES HAVE FADED.

SEE BROOKSV. SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO., 105 ARIZ. 442, 444, 466 P.2D 736, 738 (1970).

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS:

THE LEGITIMATE PURPOSES OF STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS ARE THREEFOLD

2. TO PROTECT DEFENDANTS FROM INSECURITY — ECONOMIC, PSYCHOLOGICAL, OR BOTH.

"THERE COMES A TIME WHEN HE OUGHT TO BE SECURE IN HIS
REASONABLE EXPECTATION THAT THE SLATE HAS BEEN WIPED
CLEAN OF ANCIENT OBLIGATIONS."

COMMENT, DEVELOPMENTS IN THE LAW: STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS, 63 HARV.LREV. I 177, I 185 (1950)

	1
STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS: THE LEGITIMATE PURPOSES OF STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS ARE THREEFOLD	
3. TO PROTECT COURTS FROM THE BURDEN OF STALE	
CLAIMS.	
CHASE SECURITIES CORP.V. DONALDSON, 325 U.S. 304, 314, 65 S.CT. 1137, 1142, 89 LED. 1628 (1945).	
STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS	
"THE UNDERLYING PURPOSE OF STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS IS TO	
PREVENT THE UNEXPECTED ENFORCEMENT OF STALE CLAIMS CONCERNING WHICH PERSONS INTERESTED HAVE BEEN THROWN OFF	
THEIR GUARD BY WANT OF PROSECUTION."	
JACKSON V. AM. CREDIT BUREAU, INC., 23 ARIZ. APP. 199, 531 P.2D 932 (1975)	
	1
STEP 1: ARGUE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS	
ALWAYS, ALWAYS	
IFYOU HAVE NO STATUTE, ARGUE DE	
FACTO STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.	
TACTO STATUTE OF EIGHTATIONS.	

TAANA POSITION ON STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS
I. APPLIES TO AGENCY ACTIONS
1. AFFLIES TO AGENCT ACTIONS
2. GENERALLY TWO YEARS
3. READ PAPER AS TO RATIONALE – SIMILAR TO
ARGUMENTS ABOVE
NATIONAL COUNCIL OF STATE BOARDS OF NURSING

"IT IS WELL-ESTABLISHED THAT, IN THE ABSENCE OF SPECIFIC STATUTORY ENACTMENT, STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS ARE INAPPLICABLE TO ADMINISTRATIVE LICENSE REVOCATION AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS TAKEN IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST."

("NCSBN") RESPONSE

■ THE RATIONALE IS THAT STATES REGULATE PROFESSIONS IN THEIR SOVEREIGN CAPACITY FOR THE PUBLIC SAFETY, NOT TO ADJUDICATE PRIVATE INTERESTS.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF STATE BOARDS OF NURSING ("NCSBN") RESPONSE

STATE REGULATORY AGENCIES TAKE DISCIPLINARY ACTION IN THE FURTHERANCE OF PROTECTING THE PUBLIC BY INSURING THAT ONLY PROPERLY QUALIFIED AND ETHICAL INDIVIDUALS PRACTICE NURSING.

SEE NORALYN O, HARLOW, ANNOTATION, APJLCABLITY OF STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS OR DOCTRINE OF LATCHES TO PROCEEDING TO REVOKE OR SUSPEND LICENSET OF MACRICE, MEDICINE, SI A. LE. 4TH 1147, 115 (1987); IN RETENENBAUM, 9 18 A. 20 1 109 (DIE. 2006); LALA CUAP LEVIS SEE "ROHENBALE NUTS DONITISTE CHANNING BD. 2004 NP. 18 147, 3 (3), 12 (3) SYS US. 20 26, 86 NW. NW. 20 59; NIMEV. BOOK FIRST TO STATUTE OF S

V		П	D	D	ES	D	\frown	NI	C	С
ш	U	U	$\mathbf{\Gamma}$	Γ	EJ	Г٧	ال	N	S	Е

- PROSECUTING STALE COMPLAINTS DOES NOT PROTECT THE PUBLIC
- PROSECUTING STALE COMPLAINTS ENDANGERS THE PUBLIC
- SOME LIMITATIONS PROTECT BOTH THE PUBLIC AND THE INTEGRITY OF THE PROCESS

DOCTRINE OF LACHES

ARGUMENT NO. 2

DOCTRINE OF LACHES

THE DOCTRINE OF LACHES IS BASED ON THE MAXIM THAT "EQUITY AIDS THE VIGILANT AND NOT THOSE WHO SLUMBER ON THEIR RIGHTS".

(BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY).

\Box	\bigcirc	CT	R I	NE	OF	ΙΔ	$C \vdash$	IEC
レ	U	しし		INE	OF.	ᅜ	СГ	

A LEGAL RIGHT OR CLAIM WILL NOT BE ENFORCED OR ALLOWED IF A LONG DELAY IN ASSERTING THE RIGHT OR CLAIM HAS PREJUDICED THE ADVERSE PARTY.

			_		_	A -	
				\mathbf{N}		ΛC	HES
				плг		-\ L	
_	$\mathbf{}$	\smile		_			

ELEMENTS OF LACHES INCLUDE:

- □KNOWLEDGE OF A CLAIM;
- □UNREASONABLE DELAY;
- ■NEGLECT;
- ■WHICH TAKEN TOGETHER HURT THE OPPONENT.

LACHES DEFINED

"LACHES" MEANS "TOO BAD, YOU ARE OUT OF TIME", AS IN, "THAT DOOR IS NOW LOCKED."

_						_ ·	
\Box	\frown	- D I	NIC	OF	1 A	\boldsymbol{c}	
	()	 RI	INE		LA	(\vdash	

- I. IT IS NOT ENOUGH THAT TIME HAS PASSED.
- IF CONDITIONS AND RELATIVE POSITIONS OF THE PARTIES, THAT THEY
 ARE NOT MATERIALLY IMPAIRED, AND THERE ARE PECULIAR
 CIRCUMSTANCES EXCUSING THE DELAY, THE COURT WILL NOT DENY
 THE APPROPRIATE RELIEF.
- 3. EVERY CASE IS GOVERNED CHIEFLY BY ITS OWN CIRCUMSTANCES.

TO HAVE CASE DISMISSED DUE TO LACHES

YOU MUST BE ABLE TO SHOW

PREJUDICE DUE TO THE PASSAGE OF

TIME.

PROBLEM -

EVEN ACKNOWLEDGED BY ("NCSBN") RESPONSE

- MANY STATES REJECT THIS DOCTRINE
- "AT PRESENT, THE COURTS ARE SPLIT AS TO WHETHER THE DOCTRINE OF LATCHES APPLIES TO ADMINISTRATIVE DISCIPLINARY ACTION."

See, HARLOW, S.I. A.L.R. 4TH AT. §§ 2(A), 4.5. COMPARE: ALABAMA BD. OF EXAMINERS IN PSYCHOLOGY Y. HAMILTON, ISO SO. 3D 1085 (ALA. CIV.APP. 2013); IN RETENENBALM, SUPRA; STATE EX. REL. WEBB W.W.A. BD. OF MED. 506 S.E. 2D. B30 (1998 W.V.A.); APPEAL OF BLANTIER, 494 A.2D. 270 (1985 NOLE) (HOLDING LACHES MAY BE APPLICABLE. ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS), WINGALLS Y. BD. OF REGISTRATION IN MED. 937 N.E. 2D. 232 (2005 MARS.); PEARL W.Y. STATE BD. OF PROFIL MED. CONDUCT, 295 A.D. 2D 764 (2002 (N.Y), OHIO STATE BD. OF PHARM Y. FRANTZ, 5S5 N.E. 2D 630 (1990 OHIO) (HOLDING THE DEFENSE OF LACHES IS NOT APPLICABLETO ADMINISTRATIVE DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS).

NCSBN SOLUTION –	
APA DUE PROCESS SAFEGUARDS	
"BUT, THIS CONSIDERATION CAN BE ADEQUATELY ADDRESSED	
THROUGH THE DUE PROCESS AFFORDED BY THE STATE	
ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT SAFEGUARDS, APPLICABLE TO	
SUCH DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS. MOREOVER, A NURSE	
SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINARY ACTION MAY BE ABLE TO ASSERT THE	
EQUITABLE DEFENSE OF LATCHES."	_
	1
DD ODLEM	
PROBLEM	
NO STATE OR FEDERAL APA	-
HAS A TRUE "SAFEGUARD" FOR	
PROCEDURAL DELAY OVERALL.	
	1
	-
DOLINI E IEONARDY	
DOUBLE JEOPARDY	
ARGUMENT NO.3	

DOUBLE JEOPARDY

- BASICALLY DUE TO COMPACT LICENSURE MULTIPLE STATES ARE
 ALLOWED TO REVIEW AND TAKE DIFFERENT AND PUNITIVE
 ACTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE THIS IS RETAINED
 JURISDICTION.
- See TAANA POSITION PAPER

CONCEPT OF DOUBLE JEOPARDY

THE DOUBLE JEOPARDY CLAUSE IN THE FIFTH AMENDMENT TO THE U.S. CONSTITUTION PROHIBITS THE GOVERNMENT FROM PROSECUTING INDIVIDUALS MORE THAN ONE TIME FOR A SINGLE OFFENSE AND FROM IMPOSING MORE THAN ONE PUNISHMENT FOR A SINGLE OFFENSE. IT PROVIDES THAT "NO PERSON SHALL ... BE SUBJECT FOR THE SAME OFFENSE TO BE TWICE PUT IN JEOPARDY OF LIFE OR LIMB."

PROBLEM

DOUBLE JEOPARDY IS
GENERALLY **LIMITED** TO
CRIMINAL CHARGES

ALTERNATIVE ARGUMENT -
COMMERCE CLAUSE

ARGUMENT NO.4

COMMERCE CLAUSE

THE COMMERCE CLAUSE (ART. I, §8, CL. 3) OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION PROVIDES THAT:

THE CONGRESS SHALL HAVE THE POWER TO REGULATE INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COMMERCE. THE PLAIN MEANING OF THIS LANGUAGE MIGHT INDICATE A LIMITED POWER TO REGULATE COMMERCIAL TRADE BETWEEN PERSONS IN ONE STATE AND PERSONS OUTSIDE OF THAT STATE.

COMMERCE CLAUSE HAS A STRONG BITE IN THIS TIME

COMMERCE CLAUSE HAS BECOMETHE CONSTITUTIONAL BASIS FOR A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF THE LAWS PASSED BY CONGRESS OVER THE LAST 50 YEARS, AND IT CURRENTLY REPRESENTS ONE OF THE BROADEST BASES FOR THE EXERCISE OF CONGRESSIONAL POWERS.

ARGU	MFNIT	\cdot CON	1MFR	CF	LAUSE
	1 16191	. COI		CL	

- I. RETAINED JURISDICTION BY MULTIPLE STATES VIOLATES THE COMMERCE CLAUSE
- 2. THE FEDERAL APA SUPERSEDES ANY STATE PROCEDURE
- 3. FEDERALAPA HOLDS PROSECUTION MUST BE TIMELY BUT UNTIMELY OR CONTRADICTORY STATE RULINGS VIOLATES COMMERCE CLAUSE

ARGU	MENI	MMER	CEC	ΙΔΙΙ	E
ARGO	ITIFINI	IMIMIER	СГС	I AU.	7 -

- DISPARITY IN STATE DECISIONS IMPEDES MOVEMENT OF THE NURSE
- DISPARITY IN STATE RULINGS IS CONTRARY TO THE CURRENT PRACTICE OF MEDICINE, I.E., INTERNET AND TELEMEDICINE
- MULTIPLE STATES ACTING ON SAME EVENT IMPEDES THE FREEDOM OF THE RESPONDENT TO MOVE AND CREATES AN APPELLATE QUAGMIRE

FEDERAL APA

- THE APA DIRECTS REVIEWING COURTS TO "COMPEL AGENCY ACTION UNLAWFULLY
 WITHHELD OR UNREASONABLY DELAYED" AND TO "HOLD UNLAWFUL AND SET ASIDE
 AGENCY ACTION, FINDINGS, AND CONCLUSIONS" THAT VIOLATE THE LAW OR ARE
 OTHERWISE "ARBITRARY AND CAPRICIOUS."
- THIS REVIEW IS LIMITED, HOWEVER, TO "FINAL AGENCY ACTION" THAT IS NOT PRECLUDED
 FROM REVIEW BY ANOTHER STATUTE OR LEGALLY COMMITTED TO THE AGENCY'S
 DISCRETION.

Congressional Research Service (December, 2016) "An Introduction to Judicial Review of Federal Agency Action" Cole, Jared P. accessed on 8/8 at https://fas.org/sgs/crs/misc/R-44699.pdf

FEDERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT
(ELLS C. SLIBCHARTER II) SECTION EEA (ADILIDICATIONS)

- (c) THE AGENCY SHALL GIVE ALL INTERESTED PARTIES OPPORTUNITY FOR--
 - (1) THE SUBMISSION AND CONSIDERATION OF FACTS, ARGUMENTS, OFFERS OF SETTLEMENT, OR PROPOSALS OF ADJUSTMENT WHEN TIME, THE NATURE OF THE PROCEEDING, AND THE PUBLIC INTEREST PERMIT; AND
 - (2) TO THE EXTENT THAT THE PARTIES ARE UNABLE TO DETERMINE A CONTROVERSY
 BY CONSENT, HEARING AND DECISION ON NOTICE AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH
 SECTIONS 556 AND 557 OF THIS TITLE.

5 U.S.C.A. § 554 (West).

CONCLUSION

ROAD MAPTO MOTION TO DISMISS

CHECKLIST: RECOMMENDED ACTION

- FIRST: STATE LEGISLATIVE CHANGE
- LITIGATION CASES: CREATE A RECORD AND APPEAL TO SUPREME COURT
- LITIGATION CASES INVOLVING COMMERCE CLAUSE:
 APPEAL TO FEDERAL COURT

FINALLY, HEAD TO HEART

MAKE REAL LIFE PASSIONATE ARGUMENTS BASED ON YOUR CLIENT

- THIS COMPLAINT HAS BEEN AROUND FOR TWO YEARS.
 - * THIS NURSE HAS SPENT THE LAST 730 DAYS WAITING FOR HER OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT
 - $\Leftrightarrow \mbox{ FOR 730 NIGHTS,THIS IS THE LAST THOUGHT SHE HAS WHEN SHE GOES TO BED AND THE FIRST THOUGHT IN THE MORNING .$
 - * THIS HAS IMPACTED HER PHYSICAL HEALTH, HER MENTAL HEALTH AND HER SPIRITUAL HEALTH.

HOMEWORK

- LEARNAND REPORT TO KKENT@KLGAZ.COM ON YOUR STATE'S LIMITS
- READ TAANA POSITION PAPER
- READ NCSBN RESPONSE
- DRAFTYOUR OWNTEMPLATE MOTION TO DISMISS
- FIND PERFECT CASE TO APPEAL
- REPORT OUTCOMES TO TAANA

OUR GREATEST WEAKNESS LIES IN GIVING UP. THE MOST CERTAIN WAY TO SUCCEED IS ALWAYS TO TRY JUST ONE MORE TIME.

THOMAS A. EDISON